

CONTENTS

Chapter	Page
1. READING SCALES AND DIVISION	7
1-1. Parts of the Slide Rule, 7. 1-2. Scales, 7.	
1-3. Small Space Values on Scales, 8. 1-4. Rounding Off Numbers, 9. 1-5. Division, 9. 1-6. Accuracy, 11. 1-7. Drill Problems, 11. 1-8. Decimal Point by Approximation, 11. 1-9. Decimal Point by Using "Scientific Notation Method," 12. 1-9A. Examples of Numbers Written by Scientific Notation, 12. 1-9B. Decimal Point in Division Problems, 13. 1-10. Drill Problems, 13.	
2. SQUARE, SQUARE ROOTS, CUBES, CUBE ROOTS	15
2-1. Squares of Numbers on Slide Rules Having the A- and B-Scales, 15. 2-2. Squares of Numbers on Slide Rules NOT Having the A- and B-Scales, 15.	
2-3A. Square Roots of Numbers, 16. 2-3B. Determining the First Digit and the Decimal Point for the Square Root of a Number, 16. 2-3C. Square Root Examples for Finding the First Digit of the Answer and the Location of the Decimal Point, 17. 2-4. Cubes of Numbers on Slide Rules Having the K-Scale, 17. 2-5. Cubes of Numbers Using the Pickett Slide Rules Having the $\sqrt{\quad}$ -Scales, 19. 2-6A. Cube Roots of Numbers, 19. 2-6B. Cube Roots on Slide Rules Having the K-Scale, 20. 2-6C. Cube Roots on the Pickett Model 4 Slide Rule, 20. 2-6D. Determining the Decimal Point in the Cube Root of Numbers, 20. 2-7. Drill Problems, 21.	
3. MULTIPLICATION AND DECIMAL POINTS	22
3-1. Multiplication, 22. 3-1A. Drill Problems, 22.	
3-1B. Drill Problems, 23. 3-2. Establishing the Decimal Point by Approximation, 23. 3-3. Establishing the Decimal by Using the "Scientific Notation Method," 24. 3-3A. Examples of Numbers Written by Means of the Scientific Notation, 24. 3-3B. Example Problems Establishing the Decimal Point by Means of Scientific Notation, 24. 3-4. The Slide Rule as an Instrument of Logarithms, 25. 3-5. Characteristics of Numbers, 25. 3-6. The Characteristic Method for Determining the Decimal Point, 27. 3-7. Decimal Point in Division, 28. 3-8. Drill Problems, 28.	
4. COMBINED OPERATIONS	29
4-1. Combination Multiplication and Division Problems, 29. 4-2. Drill Problems, 29. 4-3. Denominator Containing More Factors Than the Numerator, 29. 4-4. Drill Problems, 30. 4-5.	

	Same Number of Factors in Numerator and Denominator, 30. 4-6. Location of the Decimal Point on Combination Problems, 30. 4-6A. Locating the Decimal Point by the Characteristic Method, 30 . 4-6B. Establishing the Decimal Point for the preceding Example Using Approximation, 31. 4-6C. Locating the Decimal Point by the Method of Scientific Notation (Powers of Ten), 31. 4-7. Drill Problems, 32. 4.8. Products of a Number and the Square Root of a Number, 33. 4-8A. Using Slide Rules Having the A- and B-Scales, 33. 4-8B. Using the Pickett Model 4 Slide Rule, 33. 4-8C. Using the Post Versalog Slide Rule, 33. 4-9. Drill Problems, 34. 4-10. Using Slide Rules Having the A- and B-Scales, 34. 4-10A. Using the Pickett Model 4 Slide Rule, 35. 4-11. Drill Problems, 36.	
5.	L-, CF- AND DF-SCALES and COMBINATION PROBLEMS	37
	5-1. Logarithm of a Number to the Base 10, 37. 5-2. Finding the Antilogarithm of a Number, 37. 5-3. Drill Problems, 37. 5-4. Exponential Equations Solved by Logarithms, 38. 5-5. Drill Problems, 38. 5-6. Multiplying by π , 38. 5-7. Drill Problems, 39. 5-8. Dividing by π , 39. 5-9. Drill Problems, 39. 5-10. CF- and DF-Scales Used with the C- and D-Scales, 40. 5-11. Drill Problems, 41.	
6.	RATIO AND PROPORTION	42
	6-1. Ratio and Proportion Defined, 42. 6-2. Solutions of Common Proportion Problems, 42. 6-3. To Change Degrees to Radians or Radians to Degrees, 43. 6-4. Drill Problems, 44.	
7.	PERCENTAGE PROBLEMS	45
	7-1. Changing a Number to a Per Cent, 45. 7-2. Three Types of Percentage Problems, 45. 7-3. Miscellaneous Examples, 46. 7-4. Drill Problems, 48 .	
8.	CIRCLE PROBLEMS	49
	8-1. Circumference of a Circle, 49. 8-2. Area of a Circle, 49. 8-3. Volume of a Right Circular Cylinder, 50. 8-4. Drill Problems, 51.	
9.	CI-, CIF- AND DI-SCALES	53
	9-1. Reciprocal or Inverted Scales, 53. 9-2. Multiplication Using the Reciprocal Scales, 53. 9-3. Drill Problems, 55.	

- 10. TRIGONOMETRIC FUNCTIONS (S-, ST- AND T-SCALES) 57**
- 10-1. Trigonometric Functions Defined, 57. 10-2. Use of the S-Scale, 57. 10-3. Sine and Tangent of Angles 0.6° to 5.74° . ST (Sine-Tangent) Scales, 58. 10-4. Cosine of an Angle, 58. 10-5. T(Tangent) Scale, 58. 10-6. Finding the Cotangent, Secant and Cosecant of Angles, 59. 10-7. Sines and Tangents of Angles Less Than One Degree, 60. 10-8. Sines and Tangents of Angles Less Than One Degree on the Aristo, Keuffel & Esser, Pickett and Post Versalog Slide Rules, 60. 10-9. Sines and Tangents of Angles Less Than One Degree on the Dietzgen Slide Rule, 61. 10-10. Summary of Characteristics Values for Sine, Cosine and Tangent Functions, 62. 10-11. Operations Involving Trigonometric Functions, 62. 10-12. Drill Problems, 64.
- 11. SOLUTION OF THE RIGHT TRIANGLE AND THE GENERAL TRIANGLE WHEN THE LAW OF SINES APPLIES 66**
- 11-1. Standard Notation for Lettering Triangles, 66. 11-2. Law of Sines, 66. 11-3. The Law of Sines Applied to Right Triangles When the Hypotenuse and an Acute Angle, or, the Hypotenuse and a Side Are Known, 67. 11-4. Sine, Cosine and Tangent Functions Applied to Right Triangles When the Hypotenuse and an Acute Angle, or, the Hypotenuse and a Side, Are Known, 68. 11-5. Drill Problems, 70. 11-6. The Solution of a Right Triangle When the Two Legs Are Known, 70. 11-7. Area of a Right Triangle, 73. 11-8. Drill Problems, 74.
- 12. GENERAL TRIANGLES 75**
- 12-1. Solutions for General Triangles, 75. Figure 12-1A. Solutions for General Triangles, 76. 12-2. Functions of Angles Between 90° and 180° , 77. 12-3. Law of Cosines, 77. 12-4. The Solution of a Triangle When the Sides Are Known, 78. 12-5. The Ambiguous Case, 81. 12-6. Drill Problems, 82.
- 13. POWERS OF NUMBERS USING THE LOG LOG-SCALES 83**
- 13-1. Some Examples, 83. 13-2. Basic Terminology, 84. 13-3. Basic Features of the Log Log-Scales, 84. Figure 13-3A. Relationships of the Log Log-Scales with Each Other and with the D-Scale, 85. 13-4. Basic Features of the Log Log-Scales on the Pickett Model 4 Slide Rule, 86. 13-5. Rules for Determining Which LL-Scale to Use When Raising Numbers to Powers, 87. Figure 13-5A. Rules for Finding the Powers of Numbers, 88. 13-6. Examples of Raising

Numbers to Powers, Using the Pickett Model 4 Slide Rule, 89. 13-7. Finding Powers of e on the Pickett Model 4 Slide Rule, 89. 13-8. Drill Problems, 90.

14. LOGARITHMS OF NUMBERS TO ANY BASE AND ROOTS OF NUMBERS 91

14-1. Logarithms of Numbers to the Base e on Slide Rules Which Use e as the Base for the Log Log-Scales, 91. 14-2. Finding Logarithms of Numbers to the Base e on the Pickett Model 4 Slide Rule, 92. 14-3A. Logarithms of Numbers to Any Base, 93. 14-3B. Logarithms of Numbers to Any Base, Using Slide Rules Having e as the Base for the LL-Scales, 93. 14-3C. Logarithms of Numbers to Any Base, Using the Pickett Model 4 Slide Rule, 95. 14-4. Logarithms of Numbers in the Neighborhood of 1, 96. 14-5. Finding Roots of Numbers, Using the LL-Scales, 96. 14-6. Drill Problems, 99.

15. RECIPROCAL AND EXPONENTIAL EXPRESSIONS SOLVED WITH THE LOG LOG-SCALES 100

15-1. Finding the Reciprocal of a Number, Using the LL-Scales on Slide Rules with e as the Base for the LL-Scales, 100. 15-2. Finding the Reciprocal of a Number, Using the LL-Scales on the Pickett Model 4 Slide Rule, 100. 15-3. Underlying Principles Involved in Finding Powers of Numbers, 101. 15-4. Solving Exponential Equations on the LL-Scales, Using Slide Rules Having e as the Base for the LL-Scales, 103. 15-5. Solving Exponential Equations on the LL-Scales, Using the Pickett Model 4 Slide Rule, 104. 15-6. A Final Word of Caution, 105. 15-6. Drill Problems, 106.

APPENDICES 107

A1. The LL0- and LL00-Scales, 107. A1-1. Finding Powers of Numbers Less Than One, 107. A1-2. Finding the Roots of Numbers Less Than One, 108. A1-3. Miscellaneous Problems Solved on the LL0- and LL00-Scales, 108. A1-4. Logarithms of Numbers to Any Base, 109.

ANSWERS TO PROBLEMS