Contents

LESSON 1

Introduction	9
The Slide Rule in General—Practice Makes Almost Perfect—Parts of the Slide Rule—The Scales—The Indexes—Reading the Scales—The Primary Divisions—The Secondary Divisions—The Tertiary Divisions—Accuracy of the Slide Rule—Summary of Relations Between the Divisions in the Three Sections of the Rule—Examination on Lesson 1	
LESSON 2	
MULTIPLICATION WITH THE SLIDE RULE	20
Functions of the Slide Rule-Multiplication-Signed Numbers-Addition of Signed Numbers-Multiplication of Signed Numbers-Using the Slide Rule in Multiplication-Using the Indexes-Examination on Lesson 2	
LESSON 3	
Division With The Slide Rule	29
Division in General-To Divide Means to Separate-Division of Signed Numbers-Fractions-Using the Slide Rule for Division-Ohm's Law Problems-Examination on Lesson 3	
LESSON 4	
PLACING THE DECIMAL POINT	37
Methods—The Approximation Method—The Power of a Number—Powers of Ten—Negative Powers of Ten—Standard Notation—Using Powers of Ten in Division—Electronics Units Expressed in Powers of Ten—The Log Method—Using the Log Method to	

Place the Decimal Point-Summary-Placing the Decimal Point by						
Using the	Log	Method	in	Division	Problems-Examination	on
Lesson 4						

LESSON 5

LESSON 7	
REPEATED MULTIPLICATION AND DIVISION	52
Use of C and D Scales—Log Method of Placing the Decimal Point in the Problem—When the Divisor Contains More Fractors Than the Dividend—Extended Multiplication—Problems in Electronics Involving Combined and Repeated Operations—Resistance in Series Circuits—Examination on Lesson 5	NA COLUMN
LESSON 6	
RECIPROCALS	60
Definition of Reciprocal—How to Use the Slide Rule to Find Reciprocals—Using the Log Method to Place Decimal Point in Reciprocals—Parallel-Resistance Formulas Easily Handled by the Slide Rule—Capacitive-Reactance Problems—Capacitors in Series—Examination on Lesson 6	
LESSON 7	
	69
Definitions—Setting Up a Square-Root Problem the Hard Way—Using the Slide Rule to Solve for Roots—Square Roots and the A Scale—Using the A and D Scales to Square and Extract Square Roots—How to Determine Which Half of the A Scale to Use in Square-Root Problems—Placing the Decimal Point in Squaring and Square-Root Problems—Decimal-Pointing the Square Roots of Numbers Less Than 1—Problems Involving Squares, Square Roots, and Combined Operations—Impedance Problems and the Slide Rule—Resonant-Frequency Problems—How to Find L or C When Resonance Values are Known—Examination on Lesson 7	
LESSON 8	
RATIOS, PROPORTIONS, AND SOLVING FOR UNKNOWN TERMS	8
Ratios-Reducing the Terms of a Ratio-Proportions-Using the Slide Rule to Find an Unknown Quantity in a Proportion-Ratios	

Must be Stated in Correct Relation to Each Other—Reactance and Frequency—Placing the Decimal Point in Ratio and Proportion Problems—Examination on Lesson 8

LESSON 9

Cu	BES AND CUBE ROOTS	94
	Definitions—The K Scale—Using the K Scale to Cube a Number—Using the K Scale to Find the Cube Root of a Number—Placing the Decimal Point in the Cube Root—Examination on Lesson 9	

LESSON 10

THE FOLDED SCALES

[18] [2] [2] [2] [2] [2] [2] [2] [2] [2] [2	
CF and DF Scales-Multiples of π-Inductive-Reactance Problems	
-How to Divide by π -Combination Multiplication and Division	
Problems Involving π and the DF Scales-Placing the Decimal	
Point in Problems Involving π and the DF Scale-Converting	
Radians to Degrees-Converting Degrees to Radians-Examination on Lesson 10	

LESSON 11

TRIGONOMETRIC	FUNCTIONS	 oniodat.	 . 107
IMIGONOMETRIC	LONCHONS	 	 . 10

Review of Trigonometry-Using the S scale to Find Sines and Cosines-Finding the Sine of an Angle Between 5.74° and 90°-To Find the Sine of an Angle Between 0° and 5.74°-To Find the Sine of an Angle Between 0.57° and 5.74°-To Find the Cosines of Angles Between 0° and 84.26°-To Find the Cosines of Angles Between 84.26° and 90°-The Arc Sine and Arc Cosine Functions -Using the Slide Rule to Find Arc Sines and Arc Cosines-The Tangent Function-Finding Cotangent Values-Sines, Cosines and Tangents of Angles Greater Than 90°-The Arc Tangent Function-Procedure for Finding Arc Tangents When Slide Rule Has Two T Scales-Applications of Trigonometric Functions to Electronics Calculations-Phase Angle in Parallel A-C Circuits-Instantaneous Voltage Values in a Sine Wave-Calculating the Time Factor of the Phase Angle-Placing the Decimal Point in Sine, Cosine, and Tangent Values-Complex Numbers-The j Operator-Applications of Complex Numbers-Two Ways to State Impedance-Converting from Polar Form to Rectangular

Form—Total Impedance When Circuit Has Inducive and Capacitive Reactances—Using the Slide Rule to Change from Rectangular Form to Polar Form—Finding Total Current and Phase Angle to Dividing Polar Forms—Examination on Lesson 11

LESSON 12

Common Logarithms	138
The L Scale—Antilogarithms—Negative Characteristics—Finding Powers and Roots Using Logarithms and Antilogarithms—Fractional Exponents—Roots—More on Fractional Exponents—Decibels—Power Loss—Voltage and Current Ratios and the Decibel Formula—Examination on Lesson 12	
APPENDIX A	
Scale Function Chart	149
APPENDIX B	
Answers To Problems	151
INDEX	159

so begant the transport back to be the last to